

# Grandstream XML Application Guide Three XML Applications

PART A – Application Explanations

PART B – XML Syntax, Technical Detail, File Examples



# **Grandstream XML Application Guide - PART A**

# **Three XML Applications**

Grandstream GXP Series supports both simple and advanced XML applications. Part A of this application note will describe Grandstream's XML applications: 1) XML Custom Screen, 2) XML Downloadable Phonebook and 3) Advanced XML Survey Application.



### WHAT IS XML?

XML is a markup language<sup>\*</sup> for documents and applications containing structured information. This information contains both content (words, pictures, etc.) and an indication of what role that content plays (e.g. content in a section heading is different than content in a footnote, which is different than content in a figure caption or content in a database table, etc.). Almost all documents have some structure.

\* A markup language is a mechanism to identify structures in a document. The XML specification defines a standard way to add markup to documents.

#### WHY XML?

What benefits does XML provide to SIP endpoints? XML enables our SIP phones to serve as output devices for many exciting applications. The XML infrastructure allows our phones to interact with external applications in a flexible and programmable manner. Three specific XML applications supported by Grandstream include *XML Custom Screen*, *XML Phonebook*, and *XML Survey Application*. The last application is a custom application where the XML framework is an interactive, real-time implementation and XML messaging is dynamic, depending on a configurable object set.

#### **XML** ARCHITECTURE

XML applications can be initiated in several ways.

1. The first architecture is if the phone initiates a request for a service. In this instance, the GXP will receive a 200 OK with a XML document as its content.



2. The second architecture is in a closed network. An application in a closed network may exchange information in the following manner:



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3. A third architecture enables the internal web server to interact with outside web server via HTTP.



As illustrated above, all of the application logic lies within the server side of the architecture. This allows faster applications development and minimal phone side maintenance. Users may develop *customized applications* using this infrastructure.

### XML CUSTOM SCREEN APPLICATION

The GXP Series supports idle screen customization. The design and layout of the LCD screen is customer dependent. The following API configuration will work with all GXP Series models.

#### CUSTOM SCREEN API CONFIGURATION

The XML Custom Screen API is configurable in 2 steps:

- 1. Enable Idle Screen XML Download (P340): NO/YES-HTTP/YES-TFTP (default NO). Possible values 0 (NO)/1 (HTTP)/2 (TFTP), other values ignored.
- 2. Idle Screen XML Server Path (P341): This is a string of up to *128 characters* that contains a path to the XML file. It <u>must</u> follow the host/path format. **i.e.** "directory.grandstream.com/engineering"

The XML feature is activated when "Enable Idle Screen XML Download" is set to **YES** (HTTP or TFTP) and a valid "Idle Screen XML Server Path" is set.

To download or erase the XML file, the following 2 options should be selected in the *Preference LCD GUI* submenu:

- Download SCR XML
- Erase Custom SCR

Select the *Download SCR XML* using the Preference Keypad menu to start the download process. The phone will download the *gs\_screen.xml* file specified in "Idle Screen XML Server Path". The XML application is effective immediately after download. Save the file for future use.

**NOTE:** GXP2020 supports custom Idle Screen file name. For other GXPs, the Idle Screen file name is fixed and cannot be changed based on personal preference.

#### XML PHONEBOOK APPLICATION

The GXP Series supports a downloadable phonebook with up to 500 entries. This application can also be used in large organizations where there is a central directory server so employees can efficiently download the most current directories.



**NOTE:** As of April 2008 Grandstream Networks is working on a solution to be able to download phonebooks that are 100+ entries large. The phones currently only support 500 entries if they are entered manually. As a recommendation we suggest all XML phonebooks to be limited to 100 entries for the time being.

The following Phonebook API configuration will work with all GXP Series models.

#### PHONEBOOK API CONFIGURATION

The XML Custom Screen API is configurable in 4 steps:

- 1. Enable Downloadable Phonebook (P330): NO/YES-HTTP/YES-TFTP (default NO). Possible values 0 (NO)/1 (HTTP)/2 (TFTP), other values ignored.
- 2. **Phonebook XML Path (P331):** This is a string of up to *128 characters* that contains a path to the XML file. It <u>must</u> follow the host/path format. **i.e.** "directory.grandstream.com/engineering"
- 3. **Phonebook Download Interval (P332):** This field sets the time interval to download the phonebook (in hours) automatically. Valid value range is 0-720 (default 0).
- 4. **Remove manually remove edited entries on download:** YES/NO (default NO) P333, possible values 0/1, other values ignored.

The XML phonebook feature is activated when "*Enable Downloadable Phonebook*" is set to **YES** (HTTP or TFTP) and a valid "*Phonebook XML Path*" is set.

The phone will download the *gs\_phonebook.xml* file specified in "*Phonebook XML Path*". The XML application is effective immediately after download. Save the file for future use. During this process the LCD will display a message to indicate the XML Phonebook download is in progress.

#### NOTE:

- The phonebook file name is fixed and cannot be changed based on personal preference.
- If the "*Phonebook Download Interval*" is set to a non-zero value *x*, the phonebook is automatically updated every *x* hours.
- If the "Remove manually edited entries on download" option is set to No (by default), the phone will keep ALL previously stored phonebook entries, insert the downloaded phonebook entries, and then save the phonebook. If set to Yes, the downloaded phonebook entries will replace the existing phonebook stored on the phone.
- At any time, you can immediately download the phonebook by choosing the "**Download Phonebook**" in the GUI Phone Book Menu (you can use the down arrow key when the phone is onhook).



# **Grandstream XML Application Guide - PART B**

# XML Syntax, Technical Detail, File Examples

Part B of this application note will guide you through the technical details of our three applications: 1) XML Custom Screen, 2) XML Downloadable Phonebook and 3) Advanced XML Survey Application.



# **Application One: XML Custom Screen Details**

#### XML CUSTOM SCREEN SYNTAX

#### **XSD** FILE

<xs: sequence> <xs: el ement name="Idl eScreen" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"> <xs: complex lype> <xs: sequence> <l-- The ShowStatusLine element is now optional and default to false. Ignored by GXP2020 --> <xs: element name="ShowStatusLine" type="xs: boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" default="false"/> <xs: el ement name="Di spl ayBi tmap" type="Bi tmapType" mi n0ccurs="0" max0ccurs="unbounded"</pre> nillable="true"/> <xs: el ement name="DisplayString" type="StringType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"</pre> nillable="true"/> <!-- The DisplaySoftKey element apply only to GXP-2020/2010 and is ignored by GXP-2000 -->
<xs: element name="DisplaySoftKey" type="SoftKeyType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="12"</pre> nillable="true"/> defaul t="fal se"/> </xs: sequence> </xs: compl exType> </xs: el ement> </xs: sequence> </xs: compl exType> </xs: el ement> <xs: compl exType name="Bi tmapType"> <xs: sequence> <xs: element name="Bi tmap" type="xs: base64Bi nary" min0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1"/>
<xs: element name="X" type="xs: integer" min0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1" defaul t="0"/>
<xs: element name="Y" type="xs: integer" min0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1" defaul t="0"/> The new element displayCondition deprecates the old attribute al reg. If displayCondition is found alreg will be ignored. The old attribute allreg is kept for backward compatibility --> <xs: element name="displayCondition" type="IdleScreenConditionType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" nillable="true"/> </xs: sequence> <!-- This attribute is deprecated, please use the displayCondition element instead -->
<xs: attribute name="a1reg" type="xs: boolean"/> </xs: compl exType> <xs: compl exType name="StringType"> <xs: sequence> <xs: el ement name="Di spl ayStr" type="xs: stri ng" mi n0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1" />
<xs: el ement name="X" type="xs: integer" mi n0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1" defaul t="0"/>
<xs: el ement name="Y" type="xs: integer" mi n0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1" defaul t="0"/> nillable="true"/> </xs: sequence> <!-- This attribute is deprecated, please use the displayCondition element instead -->
<xs: attribute name="a1reg" type="xs: bool ean"/> <xs: attri bute name="font" defaul t="f8"> <xs: simpleType>
<xs: restriction base="xs: string">
<xs: restriction base="xs: string">
<xs: enumeration value="f8"/>

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```
<xs: enumeration value="f10"/>
<xs: enumeration value="f13h"/>
<xs: enumeration value="f13b"/>
<xs: enumeration value="f16"/>
<xs: enumeration value="f16b"/>
<!-- c suffix fonts are Comic fonts -->
<xs: enumeration value="f18c"/>

           </xs: restriction>
   </xs: si mpl eType>
</xs: attri bute>
    <xs: attribute name="halign" default="Left">
      <xs: simpleType>
<xs: restriction base="xs: string">
<xs: restriction base="xs: string">
<xs: enumeration value="Left"/>
<xs: enumeration value="Center"/>

                <xs: enumeration value="Right"/>
   </r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r></r>
    <xs: attribute name="valign" default="Top">
       <xs: simpleType>
<xs: restriction base="xs: string">
<xs: restriction base="xs: string">
<xs: enumeration value="Top"/>
<xs: enumeration value="Center"/>
<xs: enumeration value="Center"/>
          <xs: enumeration value="Bottom"/>
</xs: restriction>
   </xs: si mpl eType>
</xs: attri bute>
</xs: compl exType>
<xs: compl exType name="Idl eScreenCondi ti onType">
    <xs: sequence
         xs: sequence>
<xs: el ement name="conditionType">
<xs: el ement name="conditionType">
<xs: el ement name="conditionType">
<xs: enumeration val ue="alwaysDisplay"/>
<xs: enumeration val ue="alreg"/>
<xs: enumeration val ue="alreg"/>
<xs: enumeration val ue="alreg"/>
<xs: enumeration val ue="alreg"/>
<xs: enumeration val ue="afreg"/>

       <xs: el'ement name="conditionType">
            </xs: si mpl eType>
       </xs: el ement>
    </xs: sequence>
   <!-- The noptional negate element negates the evaluated result to create opposite behavior -->
<xs: attribute name="negate" type="xs: bool ean" default="false"/>
</xs: compl exType>
<xs: compl exType name="SoftKeyType">
    <xs: sequence>
        <xs: el ement name="KeyLabel" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          </xs: si mpl eType>
       </xs: el ement>
       <xs: element_name="KeyAction" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs: element name="KeyACtion minoccurs= i maxoccurs= i </pre>
<xs: simpleType>
<xs: restriction base="xs: string">
    <!-- the UseURL option will also require the URL element and is not used now -->
    <xs: enumeration value="UseURL"/>
    <xs: enumeration value="NewCall"/>
    <xs: enumeration value="FwdAll"/>
```

```
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```



<xs: enumeration value="Cancel Fwd"/>
<xs: enumeration value="MissedCalls"/>
<xs: enumeration value="Call Return"/>
<xs: enumeration value="PhoneBook"/>
<xs: enumeration value="MainMenu"/>
<xs: enumeration value="VoiceMail"/>
</xs: restriction>
</xs: simpleType>
</xs: element>

<xs: element name="displayCondition" type="ldleScreenConditionType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" nillable="true"/>

</xs: sequence> </xs: compl exType> </xs: schema>



## EXAMPLE IDLE SCREEN SAMPLE FILE

#### EXAMPLE 1

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
--> This file creates identical result to GXP-2000 default behavior -->
<Screen>
     <I dl eScreen>
      <ShowStatusLine>true</ShowStatusLine>
      <X>0</X>
          <Y>0</Y>

</Di spl ayStri ng>
<Di spl ayStri ng font="f13h" hal i gn="Center" a1reg="fal se">
<Di spl ayStr>$X</Di spl ayStr>
          <X>65</X></P>
      <Y>26</Y>
      <Y>48</Y>
      </Di spl ayStri ng>
     </I dl eScreen>
</Screen>
```

#### EXAMPLE 2

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#### **XML EXPLANATION**

#### **ROOT ELEMENT "SCREEN"**

The XML document has root element called <u>Screen</u>; it contains exactly 1 sub-element called <u>IdleScreen</u>. In the future we can extend this syntax to allow customization of other screens (such as "RingingScreen" and/or "InCallScreen" and eventually evolve to a "theme" concept.

#### ELEMENT "IDLESCREENTYPE"

This element defines three components that are makes up the idle screen. These components are defined as elements which are described in 5.3-5.5.

```
<xs:element name="IdleScreen" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs: compl exType>
         <xs: sequence
           <!-- The ShowStatusLine element is now optional and default to false.
          I gnored by GXP2020 -->
<xs: element name="ShowStatusLine" type="xs: bool ean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"
defaul t="fal se"/>
<xs: el ement name="Di spl ayBi tmap" type="Bi tmapType" mi nOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded" nillable="true" />
<xs: el ement name="Di spl ayStri ng" type="Stri ngType" mi nOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded" nillable="true" />
           -- The DisplaySoftKey element apply only to GXP-2020/2010 and is ignored by GXP-2000
-->
           <xs: el ement name="Di spl aySoftKey" type="SoftKeyType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="12"</pre>
                                                                                                                 nillable="true"/>
<!-- The UseDefaultSoftKeys element apply only to GXP-2020/2010 and is ignored by GXP-
2000. If it is missing by default it is false, when it is true, any DisplaySoftKey elements
would be ignored and the system default softKeys would apply -->
<xs: element name="UseDefaultSoftKeys" type="xs: boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"</pre>
defaul t="fal se"/>
         </xs: sequence>
        </xs: compl exType>
```

Note: By the above grammar, ShowStatusLine is now optional and default to false (previously must appear exactly once) and any number of Di spl ayBitmap, Di spl ayString and Di spl aySoftKey instances.

#### **DISPLAY RULES**

When both Di spl ayBi tmap and Di spl ayStri ng elements are present, all bitmaps will be rendered before the strings are displayed. When multiple instances of the same type (bitmap/string) are present, they are displayed in the order they appear in the XML and later objects (bitmap/string) may overwrite/corrupt previous objects.



#### ELEMENT "SHOWSTATUSLINE"

This Boolean element decides if we will display the status bar on the top of the screen. The "Status Line" includes the registration status icon, volume icon, time/date on the right-top corner, and the horizontal separator line.

This element must appear exactly once in I dI eScreenType and has a default value of "true".

When set to false, the origin (x-0, y-0) refers to the absolute top-left corner; when set to true, the origin refers to the reference-origin below status line (x-0,y-16). This means when ShowStatusLine is set to true, all y-offsets are shift down for 16 pixels so the status line will not be corrupted or over-written.

NOTE: Boolean variables have 2 possible values only: "true" and "false"

#### ELEMENT DISPLAYBITMAP

This element carries the information on how a bitmap is to be rendered on screen. It has three mandatory elements and one optional attribute:

#### **Element Bitmap**

This element contains the bitmap encoded by base64 <xsd: element name="Bi tmap" type="xsd: base64Bi nary" min0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1"/>

Note: We only accept Windows Bitmap (file header begins with 0x424D) that is monochrome (1-bit depth) and not exceeding 130x65 pixels (that's our LCD resolution). Anything not bound to the above restriction is dropped and ignored. You may use Windows Paint to change an existing BMP file to 1-bit depth.

#### Elements X and Y

This element contains X and Y offsets from the origin that we will use to render the bitmap. <xsd: element name="X" type="xsd: integer" min0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1" defaul t="0"/> <xsd: element name="Y" type="xsd: integer" min0ccurs="1" max0ccurs="1" defaul t="0"/>

#### Attribute a1reg

This OPTIONAL attribute specifies the conditions when the bitmap will be displayed. <xsd: attribute name="a1reg" type="xsd: bool ean"/>

When this attribute is present and the value is "true" then the bitmap will be displayed ONLY when SIP Account 1 is in REGISTERED state.

When this attribute is present and the value is "false" then the bitmap will be displayed only when SIP Account 1 is NOT in REGISTERED state.

**Note:** When this attribute is absent then this bitmap is displayed regardless to the SIP Account 1 registration states.

**NOTE:** Boolean variables have 2 possible values only: "true" and "false"; any other value such as "Yes" or "No" will result in the bitmap displayed regardless of the SIP Account 1 registration status

#### ELEMENT DISPLAYSTRING

This element carries the information on how a string is to be rendered on screen. It has three mandatory elements and four optional attributes:

#### Element DisplayStr

This element contains the string to be displayed <xsd: el ement name="Di spl ayStr" type="xsd: string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>

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The string can contain dynamic contents. As present, we support the following 18 system variables that will be substituted with dynamic contents at run-time.

- 1. \$W: This variable is replaced with the current day of week and has the following possible values: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday
- 2. \$N: This variable is replaced with the configured Account 1 Display Name.
- 3. \$X: This variable is replaced with the configured Account 1 SIP User ID.
- 4. \$V: This variable is replaced with the configured Account 1 SIP Server.
- 5. \$I: This variable is replaced with the system IP address.
- 6. \$D: This variable is replaced with the current day of month with leading zero, possible values: 01, 02, ..., 31
- 7. \$d: This variable is replaced with the current day of month without leading zero, possible values: 1, 2, ..., 31
- 8. \$M: This variable is replaced with the current month in English, possible values: January, February, ..., December
- 9. \$0: This variable is replaced with the current month in number with leading zero, possible values: 01, 02, ..., 12
- 10. \$n: This variable is replaced with the current month in number without leading zero, possible values:
  - 1, 2, ..., 12
- 11. \$Y: This variable is replaced with the current year in 4-digit number, for example: 2006, 2007 ...
- 12. \$y: This variable is replaced with the current year in 2-digit number, for example: 06, 07 ...
- 13. \$P: This variable is replaced with the current AM/PM status in upper case, possible values: AM, PM
- 14. \$p: This variable is replaced with the current AM/PM status in lower case, possible values: am, pm
- 15. \$H: This variable is replaced with the current hour of day in 24-hour representation with leading zero, possible values:
  00, 02, ..., 23
- 16. \$h: This variable is replaced with the current hour of day in 12-hour representation with leading zero, possible values:
  - 01, 02, ..., 12
- 17. \$m: This variable is replaced with the current minute of hour with leading zero, possible values: 01, 02, ..., 59
- 18. \$s: This variable is replaced with the current second of minute with leading zero, possible values: 01, 02, ..., 59

Note: If you want to display the "\$" sign, you will use "\$\$" escape sequence.

#### Elements X and Y

This element contains X and Y offsets from the origin that we will use to render the string. <xsd: element name="X" type="xsd: integer" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" defaul t="0"/> <xsd: element name="Y" type="xsd: integer" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" defaul t="0"/>

#### Attribute a1reg

This OPTIONAL attribute specifies the conditions when the string will be displayed. <xsd: attribute name="al reg" type="xsd: bool ean"/>

When this attribute is present and the value is "true" then the string will be displayed ONLY when SIP Account 1 is in REGISTERED state.

When this attribute is present and the value is "false" then the string will be displayed only when SIP Account 1 is NOT in REGISTERED state.



Note: When this attribute is absent then this string is displayed regardless to the SIP Account 1 registration states.

**NOTE:** Boolean variables have 2 possible values only: "true" and "false"; any other value such as "Yes" or "No" will result in the string displayed regardless of the SIP Account 1 registration status.

#### Attribute font

This OPTIONAL attribute specifies the font we will use to render the string. <xsd: attri bute name="font" type="fontType"/>

This application supports 1 system font and 7 additional fonts in various sizes as enumerated above. Any fonts not recognize will default to the system font. When this attribute is absent, default is system font.

#### Attribute halign

```
This OPTIONAL attribute specifies the horizontal alignment method used to display the string.
<xsd: attri bute name="halign" type="Horizontal AlignmentType"/>
<xsd: simpleType name="Horizontal AlignmentType">
<xsd: restriction base="xsd: string">
<xsd: restriction base="xsd: string">
<xsd: enumeration value="Left"/>
<xsd: enumeration value="Center"/>
<xsd: enumeration value="Right"/>
</xsd: restriction>
</xsd: simpleType>
```

We will default to Left when this attribute is absent.

Note: When using the Center alignment you will need to calculate the midpoint for the x-coordinate (4.5.2) for the width to be considered centered. For instance, element X must be set to 65 (130/2) to display a string that is aligned to the center of the LCD. Similarly, you will need to specify the right most point to render if you are using the Right halign method.

#### Attribute valign

This OPTIONAL attribute specifies the vertical alignment method used to display the string. <xsd: attribute name="valign" type="Vertical AlignmentType"/>

We will default to Top when this attribute is absent.

Note: When using the Center alignment you will need to calculate the midpoint for the y-coordinate (4.5.3) for the width to be considered centered. For instance, element Y must be set to 32 to display a string that is aligned to the center of the LCD. Similarly, you will need to specify the right most point to render if you are using the Bottom valign method (set to 64).

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# **Application 2: XML Phonebook Details**

## XML PHONEBOOK SYNTAX

#### **XSD** FILE

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<xsd: compl exType>
               <xsd: sequence>
                  <xsd: el ement name="Contact" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
                      <xsd: compl exType>
                        <xsd: sequence>
                           <xsd: element name="LastName" type="xsd: string" minOccurs="1"/>
<xsd: element name="FirstName" minOccurs="0" type="xsd: string" nillable="true"/>
<xsd: element name="Address" minOccurs="0" nillable="true">
                             <xsd: compl exType>
                                <xsd: sequence>
                                  <xsd:sequence>
<xsd:element name="address1" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element name="address2" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element name="city" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element name="state" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd:element name="zipcode" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                </xsd: sequence>
                             </xsd: compl exType>
                           </xsd: el ement>
                           <xsd: el ement name="Phone">
                             <xsd: compl exType>
                               <xsd: sequence>
<xsd: el ement name="phonenumber" type="xsd: stri ng" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xsd: el ement name="accounti ndex" type="xsd: integer" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     defaul t="1"/>
                               </xsd: sequence>
                           </xsd: compl exType>
</xsd: el ement>
                          </xsd: element>
<xsd: element name="Email" type="xsd: string" minOccurs="0" nillable="true"/>
<xsd: element name="Department" type="xsd: string" minOccurs="0" nillable="true"/>
<xsd: element name="Company" type="xsd: string" minOccurs="0" nillable="true"/>
<xsd: element name="loon" type="xsd: base64Binary" minOccurs="0" nillable="true"/>
                        </xsd: sequence>
                      </xsd: compl exType>
                   </xsd: el ement>
               </xsd: sequence>
           </xsd: compl exType>
     </xsd: el ement>
</xsd: schema>
```

## EXAMPLE XML PHONEBOOK FILE

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<AddressBook>
         <Contact>
           <LastName>Doe</LastName>
<Fi rstName>John</Fi rstName>
            <Phone>
              <phonenumber>8000</phonenumber>
              <accountindex>0</accountindex>
            </Phone>
         </Contact>
         <Contact>
           <LastName>Smi th</LastName>
<Fi rstName>Al an</Fi rstName>
            <Phone>
              <phonenumber>8001</phonenumber>
              <accountindex>0</accountindex>
            </Phone>
        </Contact>
</AddressBook>
```



# **Application 3: XML Call Center/Survey Details**

# XML CALL CENTER / SURVEY DETAILS

# XML Application Syntax

This section gives a brief overview of the screen layout and the XML syntax.

#### SPECIAL CHARACTERS

As followed by the standard XML recommendation, some characters need to be escaped. The following list the characters together with their escape sequence:

Characters	Name	Escape Sequence
&	Ampersand	&
"	Quote	"
6	Apostrophe	'
<	Left Angle Bracket	<
>	Right Angle Bracket	>

#### **GRANDSTREAM XML OBJECT**



As illustrated above, XML content will be displayed in the 140 X 220 display area. Accordingly, the soft keys will be displayed in their respective area. A single XML object will represent the display area. This XML object takes precedence over the current display. It will also overwrite the soft keys functionality to give users control over the XML.



### Grandstream GS\_XML Object Descriptions

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
GS_XML_Application	Root	Mandatory	-	Root element
Display	Root Body	Optional	-	Screen display
SoftKeys	Root Body	Optional	-	Programmable Softkey
Events	Root Body	Optional	-	Determines what action to be done when a local event is detected

### **Display Object Description**

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
Display	Root Body	Optional	-	Screen display
Screen	Display Body	Display Choice	-	Unselectable display
*Menu	Display Body	Display Choice	-	Selectable display

\* indicates future implementation.

### **Screen Object Descriptions**

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
Screen	Display Body	Display Choice	-	Unselectable display
showLineLabels	Screen Attribute	Optional	Boolean	Enable or disable line labels display to extend xml application display area
DisplayString	Screen Body	Optional	-	Display a string on the screen
DisplayBitmap	Screen Body	Optional	-	Display a bitmap on the screen

# DisplayBitmap Object XML Description

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
DisplayBitmap	Screen Body	Optional	-	Display a bitmap on
				the screen
Х	DisplayBitmap	Mandatory	Integer	Horizontal starting
	Body			position depending
				on halign
Y	DisplayBitmap	Mandatory	Integer	Vertical starting
	Body			position depending
				on valign
Bitmap	DisplayBitmap	Mandatory	Strings	Content of the
	Body	-		bitmap

### DisplayString Object XML Description

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
DisplayString	Screen Body	Optional	-	Descriptions of a line string
Font	DisplayString Attribute	Optional	Enum string	The font for a line
Halign	DisplayString Attribute	Optional	Left, Center, Right	Horizontal Axis Alignment

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Valign	DisplayString Attribute	Optional	Top, Center, Bottom	Vertical Axis Alignment
Wrap	DisplayString Attribute	Optional	Boolean	Wrap the text to the next line
X	DisplayString Body	Mandatory	Integer	Horizontal starting position depending on halign
Y	DisplayString Body	Mandatory	Integer	Vertical starting position depending on valign
DisplayStr	DisplayString Body	Mandatory	String	A String to display

#### Softkeys Object XML Description

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
SoftKey	Display Body	Optional	-	Programmable
				Softkey
Label	Softkey body	Mandatory	String	Label for the index
Action	Softkey Body	Mandatory	Enum String	Local Action

#### Action Object XML Description

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
Action	Softkey Body	Mandatory	-	Action to be taken
UseURL	Action body	Choice	-	URL to call to
QuitApp	Action Body	Choice	-	Quit the current XML application
Dial	Action Body	Choice	-	Dial a number

The remote server may specify actions for the local phone. These actions must be pre-defined *locally* before they can be executed. Currently, the local action is to quit the current XML application.

#### Dial Object XML Description

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
Dial	Action Body	Choice	-	Dial a number
Account	Dial body	Mandatory	Integer	Account to be used
Number	Dial Body	Mandatory	Integer	Number to dial

## **Events Object XML Description**

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
Event	Events body	Optional	-	Describe a specific
				event

#### **Event Object XML Description**

Name	Location	Туре	Values	Comments
State	Event Body	Mandatory	Enumerated	The possible state of
			string	the phone
Action	Event Body	Mandatory	-	Action to be taken if phone changes to that state

An action is triggered only if the phone transition INTO such state.



# **Example of Survey Implementation**

An initial URI is configurable using the web interface. This is the location of the server that the phone will attempt to interact with. It can be triggered by, lets say, overloading the phonebook button or the right arrow button or even by providing a menu in which the user can select with from the phone. In this example, we will use the initial URL to be: <u>http://www.XMLquestionnaire.com:123</u> where 123 represent the port.

Once the XML service is triggered, the phone will send an empty HTTP GET request to the above URL at the selected port. The server will respond with a 200 OK with the XML attached to the packet. The XML syntax may look like this:

```
<GS_XML_Application>
       <Di spl ay>

<Screen>
                     <Di spl ayStri ng>
                            <X>0</X>
                            <Y>0</Y>
                            <DisplayStr> Do you have a spouse?</DisplayStr>
                     </Di spl ayStri ng>
              </Screen>
       </Di spl ay>
       <SoftKeys>
              <SoftKey>
                     <Label >Previ ous</Label >
                     <Action>
                            <UseURL>
      <URL>http://www.XMLquestionnaire.com/questionnaire.php?do=prev </URL>
                            </UseURL>
                     </Action>
              </SoftKey>
              <SoftKey>
                     <Label >Yes</Label >
                     <Action>
                            <UseURL>
       <URL>http://www.XMLquestionnaire.com/questionnaire.php?ans=yes </URL>
                            </UseURL>
                     </Action>
              </SoftKey>
              <SoftKey>
                     <Label >No</Label >
                     <Action>
                            <UseURL>
       <URL>http://www.
                        XMLquesti onnai re. com/questi onnai re. php?ans=no
                                                                           </URL>
                            </UseURL>
                     </Action>
              </SoftKey>
              <SoftKey>
                     <Label >Next</Label >
                     <Action>
                            <UseURL>
       <URL>http://www.XMLguestionnaire.com/guestionnaire.php?do=next </URL>
                            </UseURL>
                     </Action>
              </SoftKey>
       </SoftKeys>
</GS_XML_Application >
```

After receiving the 200 OK, the display and softkey area of the screen is changed to show the XML content:





Each softkey is bound by a URI, and pressing the soft key will call the corresponding URI. If the second softkey is pressed <u>http://www.XMLquestionnaire.com/questionnaire.php?ans=yes</u> is called. The server now knows the client response because the URI given to each soft key is unique. Once the answer is received, the server will send a 200 ok with another XML attached.



In this XML, note that the last word, "Survey", displayed at the center of the screen is in a new Line element. Otherwise, it would be displayed off the screen and look like this screen:



	Thank You for taking the Survey
	Surveyor
Prev	vious Quit

#### EXAMPLE XML FILE

The following XML file syntax uses Dial action and Event elements and the Line Labels turned off. This syntax will display this introduction screen:

Hello. Please press Dial to start and hang up the phone to exit the application.
Dial

#### **XML SYNTAX**

```
<GS_XML_Appl i cati on>
<Di spl ay>
<Screen_showLi neLabel s="fal se">
                    <Di spl ayStri ng>
<X>0</X>
                    <r>>

                           <Y>0</Y>
             </Screen>
       </Di spl ay>
<SoftKeys>
<SoftKey>
             <Label >Di al </Label >
             <Action>
                    <Di al >
                           <Account>0</Account>
                          <Number>3051</Number>
                    </Di al >
             </Action>
       </SoftKey>
</SoftKeys>
<Events>
       <Event>
             <State>Onhook</State>
             <Action>
                    <Qui tApp/>
```

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</Action> </Event> </Events>

</GS\_XML\_Application>

Pressing **Dial** dials 3051 with Account 1. After the survey is finished and the user hangs up, the survey is ended. The QuitApp action is triggered.



#### XML SURVEY CONFIGURATION

- 1. Before the XML survey application can be launched, the GXP2020 firmware must be upgraded to version 1.1.5.x.
- 2. After upgrading and rebooting, the XML server path on the advanced settings tab must be set to point to the server where the application is located (i.e. 12.34.56.78/test\_gs.xml). Please make note that the account 1 page must be configured with a valid SIP account for the application to run. Reboot the phone again.
- 3. When the phone boots up, the first soft key will be "XML Service". Press this key to get started. It is also possible to enter the application server path into a web browser. This way you'll be able to see on your screen the exact XML that your phone is receiving also. If you press a soft key on your phone, you'll just need to navigate to the URL of the soft key, as can be seen in the XML code. For example, on 12.34.56.78/test\_gs.xml, you'll see that the first soft key and enter that URL into your web browser, and you'll be seeing the XML code on your screen and the actual displayed page on your phone. This makes the implementation of the application relatively easy to understand.
- 4. Once the application is launched the first question of the survey will appear on the main body of the GXP LCD screen. The user can then answer the multiple choice questions with the corresponding soft key. Note: In some cases you will have to click on the "more" softkey if there are more than 4 multiple choice answers.
- 5. After completing one section of the survey, the user can jump to another category or automatically go to the next category by pressing the corresponding softkey.
- 6. After completing all the survey category's the application will prompt the user to exit.